Antonio Maria Traversi Italian Curia archbishop and naturalist

(1765 - 1842)

Born in Venice on February 21, 1765 and died in Rome on September21, 1842.

He was ordained a priest on December 22, 1787. As a doctor of theology and honorary canon of the Patriarchal Basilica of Venice, he was appointed professor of logic and metaphysics at the scuola dei chierici by the Senate of the Republic of Venice in 1796. During the Napoleonic period he founded an educational institution. The Austrian government appointed him in 1807 to the Regens of the Philosophical College at the Liceo of Venice. As a personal friend of Mauro Cappellari OSBCam, who goes by the name of Gregory XVI. Was Pope, Antonio Maria Traversi was called to Rome, where he became canon of the papal basilica of Santa Maria Maggiore and papal house prelate in 1833. He entered the service of the Curia in 1835 and was consultor of the Congregation for Indulgences and Holy Relics, the Congregation for Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs, and the Holy Office.

On July 11, 1836, Antonio Maria Traversi was appointed titular archbishop of Nazianzus. The episcopal ordination donated to him on July 17, 1836 Pope Gregory XVI. even; Co-consecrators were Giovanni Soglia Ceroni, Latin Patriarch of Constantinople, and Archbishop Giovanni Giacomo Sinibaldi, President of the Pontifical Academy for the Ecclesiastical Nobility. On the same day, Antonio Maria Traversi became Papal Assistant to the Throne. Three years later, on February 21, 1839, he was promoted to Latin Patriarch of Constantinople.

Antonio Maria Traversi was buried in the Basilica of Santa Maria Maggiore. His tomb was created by Giuseppe Fabris.

Translated from: https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Antonio_Maria_Traversi